

WINGSPAN BIRD TOURS

BIRD WATCHING HOLIDAY

TO

ANDALUCIA, SPAIN

APRIL 22TH - 29TH 2016



TRIP REPORT

DAY 1 – FRIDAY APRIL 22ND 2016

MALAGA AIRPORT TO GAUCIN WITH STOPS AT FUENTE DE PIERDA AND TEBA BIRD OBSERVATORY

What a great start to our 7-day migration tour, WHITE-WINGED TERN & BLACK TERN on the list!

I collected Peter and Fred from Malaga Airport and we drove straight to the huge reservoir at Fuente de Piedra. Whilst the water level of the main lagoon was very low several pools around the visitor's centre had enough water to attract a good number of migrant species.

It was terns that grabbed our attention first, many were feeding over the pools, to our great enjoyment we found half a dozen BLACK TERNS and then to our surprise we found a single WHITE-WINGED TERN, wow what a superb sighting. We also watched dozens of Gull-billed Terns, a few Whiskered Terns and many migrant wader species.



BLACK TERN

A good number of Curlew Sandpipers were joined by Dunlin, Little Stint, Ringed Plover, Ruff, Redshank, Common & Wood Sandpipers, Pied Avocet and Black-winged Stilts. Several Yellow Wagtails flitted about in the grass and Common Shelduck sat out on the sandy shoreline of the main laguna where hundreds of Greater Flamingos fed.

WHITE-WINGED TERN



CURLEW SANDPIPER

A smaller but deeper pool is found at the end of one of the trails, this area held good numbers of ducks, grebes, Common Coots and Moorhens. The best find here was of White-headed Duck but we also enjoyed close views of Greater Flamingos, Little Grebes and Northern Shoveler.

Our route took us around the perimeter of the laguna on farm tracks, we added Montagu's Harrier, European Bee-eater, Crested Lark, Spotless Starling and Lesser Kestrel to our list.



RUFF



LITTLE STINT

The small bird observatory at the Teba mountains was our next venue, it seemed quite quiet until we located Red-billed Chough, Peregrine Falcon and Griffon Vulture. Peter found a very high flying Short-toed Eagle just before we left.

Lastly we stopped at a Bonelli's Eagle nest site but unfortunately no-one was at home, we did see Crag Martin, Zitting Cisticola and a couple of very high Honey Buzzards.

We arrived at our home in Gaucin at 5:30pm and ate a delicious home-cooked Tajine for dinner, yum, yum! Our evening bird log revealed that we had seen 57 species during the afternoon, not bad at all.

DAY 2 – SATURDAY APRIL 23RD 2016

RIO GENAL AND RIO GUADIARO VALLEYS – SAN ENRIQUE WOODS – LAGUNA TORREGUADIARO – PALMONES SALT MARSH – SIERRA CRESTELLINA

A stark contrast to yesterday as far as the birding was concerned, nowhere near as exciting but some nice species were added to our list.

We were joined today by Ana, a local Spanish girl, as we set off for the coast at 8am. Our plan was to work our way down the river valleys to the coast hoping to see migrant raptors coming in the opposite direction. Both rivers we visited had high water levels after recent rain, at the Rio Genal we didn't see any birds on or near the water but a few species called or sang from the bushes and trees.

The distinctive fluty call of the Golden Oriole drew our attention to some tall poplars, we soon found at least 6 individuals that showed very well in the scope. Common Nightingale, Cetti's Warbler, Blackcap, Serin, Cirl Bunting and lots of common species all sang joining the morning chorus.



One of several **Short-toed Eagles** seen this morning

From the Genal we drove to the Guadiaro river where we saw Little Ringed Plover, European Bee-eater, Woodchat Shrike, Crested Lark and a few Turtle Doves. Several pylons had Short-toed Eagles perched on them, we also found Booted Eagle, Common Buzzard and a very distant Bonelli's Eagle.

Driving further down the valley we added Little Owl, Common Sandpiper, Common Kestrel but after searching for Western Olivaceous Warbler we drew a blank. Our visit to San Enrique woods wasn't

much better, after hearing a Wryneck we failed to track it down and not much else showed at all. Eurasian Jay, Common Whitethroat and Garden Warbler was all we got.



a Monarch butterfly seen at San Enrique woods

A walk around the circular lagoon at Torreguardiario produced sightings of Purple Swamphen, Little Grebe, Common Nightingale, Northern Wheatear and a Lesser Kestrel. For our last venue of the day we visited the salt marsh at Palmones, it was high tide so most birds were roosting on dry banks or muddy shores. We saw Whimbrel, Greenshank, Pied Avocet, Black-winged Stilts, Common Sandpiper, Ringed Plover and Grey Plover. A small number of Grey Herons were joined on the marsh by Eurasian Spoonbill, Little Egret and a few Yellow Wagtails. We gave up there after noting a Bonelli's Warbler in the park behind us and Zitting Cisticola in the reedy edges to the marsh.

Finally we stopped at the look-out point at Sierra Crestellina hoping for a better view of Bonelli's Eagle but we couldn't find one. Lots of Griffon Vultures drifted over the mountain and we saw Eurasian Sparrowhawk, Common Kestrel and many Common Swifts.

It was now 5pm so we gave up and drove up the hill back to Gaucin, after a cold beer and a hot shower we enjoyed another delicious home-cooked dinner from my wife, Dawn, yummy!

DAY 3 – SUNDAY APRIL 24TH 2016

GAUCIN WOODS – DOLMEN DEL PUERTO DE ENCINAS BORRACHAS TRACK NEAR RONDA
– SIERRA DE LAS NIEVES

A cracking day birding in the mountains and valleys near Ronda with some exciting finds and excellent weather. ROCK THRUSH topped the list of local celebs.

A cold start but not too windy and much brighter later when the temperature reached 22C. We started at 7:30am and headed towards Ronda stopping just a few miles west of Gaucin to walk in mixed pine, oak and chestnut woodland.

We had a superb hour making some great sightings, first we saw Eurasian Nuthatch quickly followed by a very showy Firecrest then we found Iberian Chiffchaff, we watched a pair of them collecting nesting material.



Firecrest

Our walk took us through a Sweet Chestnut plantation and into a pine wood and then holm and cork oak woodland. We added Bonelli's Warbler, Great Spotted Woodpecker, Eurasian Jay and European Serin. We had to work a little harder to see Crested Tit and Short-toed Treecreeper but we managed both. Peter saw Long-tailed Tit and we heard Common Cuckoo and an Iberian Woodpecker.



Thekla Lark

Next we drove to the **Dolmen del puerto de Encinas Borrachas** track, on the way we stopped to watch a small party of Rock Sparrows on a roadside wall. The Dolmen or ancient burial ground consists of a few slabs of rock strewn over a small area and not much else. However, the birding around the site is wonderful we spent two hours walking across a rock-strewn flat valley, then onto a heathland and into an oak woodland.



Black-eared Wheatear

On top of the surrounding mountain ridges we found Black Wheatear, Blue Rock Thrush, Red-billed Cough, Griffon Vulture and Spanish Ibex. Much closer at ground level we enjoyed watching Thekla Lark, a stunning male Black-eared Wheatear, Iberian Grey and Woodchat Shrikes, flocks of Eurasian Linnets, European Goldfinches, Corn Buntings and several flocks off fly-over European Bee-eaters.

Then we hit a purple patch when we found a **ROCK THRUSH** sitting high upon the mountainous pinnacles, what a great find. We also heard Woodlark and Common Cuckoo before we watched Dartford Warbler and Stonechat. As we walked into the edge of the woodland we found Subalpine Warbler and Bonelli's Warbler, the Common Cuckoo showed well and so did the Woodlark, a superb male Orphean Warbler fed nearby also showing extremely well and both Golden Oriole and Iberian Woodpecker called in the distance.

Several, butterfly species kept us entertained as we walked back to the bus, we ate lunch whilst sitting on rocks near the gate, an Orphean Warbler sang to us whilst we ate and our third sighting of **ROCK THRUSH** was made.



Woodlark

After our picnic lunch we drove to Sierra de las Nieves stopping for coffee along the way. For the rest of the afternoon we walked in several parts of this natural park. We added Coal Tit, Black Redstart, Northern Wheatear, Rock Bunting and we had more great views of Firecrest, Coal Tit and Dartford Warbler.

Ana was with us again today and her botany expertise came to the fore as we encountered many flowering plants.



Naked or Hanging Man Orchid



Yellow Orchid

It was time to go but not before we drove to another section of the park where we photograph a number of orchid species, no new birds turned up.

DAY 4 – MONDAY APRIL 25TH 2016

LAGUNA MEDINA – LAGUNAS DE SANLUCAR – BONANZA SALT PANS – LAGUNA TARELO - CHIPIONA

Another beautiful clear sunny day with a nice cooling breeze, top temperature was 29C. Bird of the day - LITTLE SWIFT

We set off at 7:30am for the long journey to Laguna Medina which is just outside of Jerez, we arrived at 9:15am in bright sunshine and no wind, smashing!

The air was alive with bird song as we began our walk to the only hide available at this site. The reeds and shrubs along the perimeter of the laguna were teeming with birds but the water itself is rather degraded and very few birds were out there, this is due to the large number of carp that have been put into the water, they eat everything.



Red-legged Partridge

We saw Great Crested Grebe, Gadwall, White-headed Duck, Common Pochard, Northern Shoveler, Common Coot and Moorhen. Gull-billed Tern, Glossy Ibis, Black Kite and Booted Eagle were fly-over sightings.

In the reeds we saw Reed & Great Reed Warblers very well, both Common Nightingale and Cetti's Warbler showed briefly in the bushes. We also saw Zitting Cisticola, Red-legged Partridge, Serin, Melodious Warbler and White Stork.



White-headed Duck

On the way to Sanlucar de Barameda we made very brief visits to a couple of small lagunas but they were dry so we didn't stay long. At Sanlucar we visited 3 lagunas just outside the town where we spent a lovely hour watching a good variety of species the best of which was **MARBLED DUCK**, a single bird was seen. White-headed Duck was seen in good numbers also Purple Swamphen, Red-crested and Common Pochard and plenty of Little Grebes.



a poor photo of the only **MARBLED DUCK** seen today

At Bonanza Salt Pans the number of birds and the variety of species was quite low but our visit was enjoyed by all. The most common waders were Curlew Sandpiper, many were sporting their beautiful summer plumage, likewise Dunlin, Little Stint and Sanderling. Redshank, Greenshank and Grey Plover were the sum total of the larger waders.

Huge numbers of Greater Flamingos filled some of the pans with equal numbers of Avocets and Black-winged Stilts. One of my favourite gulls, the Slender-billed Gull numbered in their hundreds and a few Common Shelducks sat on the dirt banks. We drove to the shoreline of the River Guadalquivir where we saw Ringed Plover and Common Sandpiper, several Black Kites drifted over the trees on the far bank, which is, in fact, part of the Doñana National Park.

Laguna Tarelo had many birds on the water and also in the breeding colony on the island, many nesting Cattle Egrets were joined by Glossy Ibis, Eurasian Spoonbill, Night Heron and one or two pairs of Squacco Herons.

Birds In the water included many Red-crested and Common Pochard, White-headed Duck, Gadwall, Northern Shoveler and Mallards. Lots of Little Grebes fed out in the middle of the laguna with our first Black-necked Grebes, they made up the rest of the sightings.

Our last venue was about a 30 minute drive from Laguna Tarelo, we headed back along the coast towards home to Chipiona. This seaside town has played host to a colony of Little Swifts for several years now, probably the only accessible one on mainland Europe. About 10-15 pairs are found there, they were very busy pairing off and visiting their nests when we arrived, it was a lovely sight to see so many of them reeling around our heads.

A huge flock of Ruddy Turnstones were roosting nearby on a jetty, there must have been 100-150 of them, a pre-migration gathering I speculated.



Ruddy Turnstone - on the jetty at Chipiona

Well it was now 4pm and we had a 2hr drive ahead of us so we set off, a quick stop for coffee along the way broke the journey, we arrived home in similar weather as we had set off in this morning, bright sunshine, may the good weather continue.

DAY 5 – TUESDAY APRIL 26TH 2016

MARCHENILLA TRACK SAN PABLO - PUNTA CANERA - LOS LANCES BEACH TARIFA - BARBATE MARSH - VEJER - MONTENMEDIO GOLF COMPLEX - MIRADOR DE ESTRECHO

Another cracking day with plenty of sunshine, a bit windy in the morning at Tarifa but very clear later.

Our first venue was a bridge over the rio Guadiaro near San Pablo, our main target species was in the bag after just 10 minutes, Western Olivaceous Warbler, seen well and heard often.

From the river we moved to the Marchenilla Track, a favourite of mine because of the variety of species that can be found there any time of the year. We listed many species but the most notable were: Melodious Warbler, Tawny Pipit, European Bee-eater, Short-toed Eagle and our main target species; RUFIOUS BUSH ROBIN, a smashing bird and showing well.

We moved onto the coast after a brief stop at a Lesser Kestrel colony near Castellar, where we had great views of these lovely falcons as they drifted over us and perched in nearby trees.



RUFOUS BUSH ROBIN

At the coast we wasted an hour by visiting the Migration watch point at Punta Canera near Getares, absolutely nothing was moving in the easterly wind. So we drove to Tarifa passing the major watch-points at Algorroba and Cazalla, no-one was there recording raptor passage. Los Lances Beach provided a few sightings, an Audouin's Gull, Kentish Plover, Grey Plover, Greater Short-toed Lark and not much else.

Barbate was a different story, the 'newly' created marshes, open lagoons with a series of island, were loaded with birds. We found 14 Bald Ibis in a cow pasture and dozens of waders in the first lagoon. The waders consisted of 6 species, Dunlin, Little Stint, Sanderling, Ringed Plover, Curlew Sandpiper and Kentish Plover. But further on into the marsh we found good numbers of Collared Pratincoles and a pair of Stone Curlews. A single Pied Flycatcher and a Willow Warbler were the only passerine migrants that we found as we searched tamarisk scrub.

Passing through Barbate we added Redshank, Greenshank, Black-winged Stilt and Avocet to the day list before we arrived at Vejer. We stopped there to watch the Bald Ibis at one of their breeding colonies, at least 10 brooding birds were seen, the nearby Cattle Egret colony was ever growing and very noisy.



We made a brief stop at Montenmedio golf complex to look for more migrants in the entrance trees, we found Eurasian Hoopoe, Iberian Woodpecker, Red-legged Partridge but no migrant as such.

Lastly we stopped at the Mirador de Estrecho, a viewing point overlooking the Strait of Gibraltar, it was perfectly clear with fantastic views across to Morocco and more importantly the wind had dropped and a trickle of raptors were making their way across the water to Spain.

As we settled down to watch the mini-migration we met up with John Hale a local birder and friend of mine, he had two guest birders with him and together we made up a formidable birding group. This greatly improved our sightings list, a trickle of Black Kites suddenly turned into a mass of birds with several species joining the kites.

Booted Eagles, Short-toed Eagles and Honey Buzzards came across in numbers whilst singles of Osprey, Hobby and Red Kite joined several Eurasian Sparrowhawks and a couple of Marsh Harriers. Griffon Vulture made up our count of 10 raptors in 1 hour! Fantastic, great birding in great light, a glimpse of how good a raptor migration can be.

We went said goodbye to John and Tim & Tim and instead of getting home early as planned we were late for dinner, who was in the dog house when we got home.....

DAY 6 – WEDNESDAY APRIL 27TH 2016

RIO GUADIARO AT ESTACION CORTES - CUEVA DE GATO - LLANOS DE LIBAR - MONTEJAQUE GORGE

We visited a variety of habitats in the mountains north/east of Gaucin with some great sightings, another ROCK THRUSH sighting added to our enjoyment.

We pitched-up at the River Guadiaro near Estacion Cotes at around 8:15am, as usual the air was alive with bird sounds and movement. We were looking specifically for migrants on passage but had to make do with stunning views of a few resident species. Blackcaps were singing along with Common Nightingale, Sardinian Warbler, Chaffinch, Greenfinch, Great Tit and Cirl Bunting.

After a short walk we stopped near the railway line where we had a vantage point overlooking a cork oak woodland, it was there that we had great views of a stunning male **Hawfinch**, what a beauty. On the way back we bumped into a couple of Golden Orioles, an equally stunning beautiful male posed well but briefly.



We continued along the river which was very high and fast flowing, we failed to see Common Kingfisher, Common Redstart, Grey Wagtail or a single Flycatcher! We did find Cetti's Warbler, White Wagtail, Rock Sparrow, Woodchat Shrike, Melodious Warbler and Common Stonechat. On the way back to the bus we stumbled upon a singing Firecrest and it too showed very well.

From the river we drove along the Upper Guadiaro Valley passing through Cortes and Benaolan before reaching the beautiful and scenic area called Cueva de Gato (Cat's Cave), don't askI think the shape of the cave's entrance looks a bit like a cat's head? This is a well-known local picnic site and a great place for a swim in the hot summer afternoons.

Today it was virtually deserted just us and the birds, Dipper has bred there for a few years but we couldn't find one today. We saw Grey Wagtail, Blackcap, Cetti's Warbler (heard), Crag Martin and another local speciality, Alpine Swift.

We walked along the river for a while, recent rains meant that the water level was high and the path was muddy. I drove to Benaolan and the lads walked along the river to meet me but nothing new turned up.

Next we drove through the village of Montejaque where we turned onto to a track that led us up behind the village to a hidden valley called Llanos de Libar.

We stopped to eat our picnic lunch as we scoured the surrounding mountain-tops for new sightings.

After lunch we started our trip into the valley and soon we had some good sightings, Black Redstart, Blue Rock Thrush and Black Wheatear. Whilst up high we noted Spanish Ibex, Griffon Vulture and to our great delight we found a ROCK THRUSH, it was distant but perfectly viewable through the scope.

Other birds found include Cirl Bunting, Rock Bunting, Common Stonechat, Melodious Warbler, Linnet, Goldfinch and Rock Sparrow.



From the valley we drove a few kilometers out of Montejaque to the gorge where the famous 'dam that doesn't work' can be found. Yes in 1924 a huge dam was constructed across a rocky gorge, designed and built by a Swiss engineer. When the first rains came after the dam was finished the water 'leaked' away through a labyrinth of underground caves and channels which had been overlooked by the red-faced engineer!

Now this dry area is usually good for Red-billed Chough, Bonelli's Eagle and all the usual mountain species. We saw Rock Dove, Red-billed Chough, Alpine Swift and Blue Rock Thrush.

It was now late afternoon so we decided to call it a day and headed off back down the valley to Gaucin.

SAN ENRIQUE WOODS – LA JANDA

Our last full day was bright and sunny with some cloud and some wind but it was pleasant enough for a good day's birding.

We drove down to San Enrique Woods for as second attempt to see Wryneck and one or two other species we had missed during our visit earlier in the week.

We listed Griffon Vulture, Booted Eagle and Common Kestrel along the way as we passed Sierra Crestellina. Then as we drove passed Casares and the wind-farm we had great views of HEN HARRIER as it flew alongside the car for a while, a female, it was a migrating bird stopping off for breakfast, I hope it didn't catch a Corn Bunting?

We parked just outside the woods at San Enrique and found Monarch Butterfly, Tree Sparrow and a few Serins. Tree Sparrow was our target bird, a few pairs still breed here forming a little isolated pocket, I don't know of any others for miles around.

As we entered the woods Peter noticed some movement in the trees behind us and called 'owl'. We all focused on the shape that he was pointing out and sure enough there was a fluffy grey/white ball, it was a baby Tawny Owl. We soon located a second bird and then above we found an adult, what a splendid sighting.



TAWNY OWL - adult

We then concentrated on our main target bird, the Wryneck. It showed almost immediately but it was a while before we had good prolonged views of it, what a great bird for our list. Our walk through

the woods produced Iberian Chiffchaff, Great-spotted Woodpecker, Blackcap and Common Nightingale. We scanned the Rio Guadiaro from an open area in the woods and found Little Ringed Plover but Common Kingfisher still eluded us.

From San Enrique we drove directly to La Janda where we spent the rest of the day driving the tracks looking for new species for our list. The usual egrets and herons were in good supply and a few Lesser Kestrel hunted in groups over the fields, we saw Marsh Harriers and plenty of White Storks. Deeper into La Janda we added Montagu's Harrier and we had a sighting of a juvenile Bonelli's Eagle but apart from those not much else of great interest showed up.

We set off for home around 5pm arriving at 6:30pm where another delicious dinner completed our tour.

SPECIES RECORDED BETWEEN APRIL 22ND – 28TH 2016

BIRDS			
	SPECIES	<i>Scientific Name</i>	
1	Common Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadorna</i>	X
2	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	X
3	Northern Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	X
4	Gadwall	<i>Anas strepera</i>	X
5	Garganey	<i>Anas querquedula</i>	X
6	Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	X
7	Red-crested Pochard	<i>Netta rufina</i>	X
8	Marbled Duck	<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>	X
9	White-headed Duck	<i>Oxyura leucocephala</i>	X
10	Red-legged Partridge	<i>Alectoris rufa</i>	X
11	Common Pheasant	<i>Phasianus colchicus</i>	X
12	Black-necked Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>	X
13	Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	X
14	Great Crested Grebe	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i>	X
15	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	X
16	Night-Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	X
17	Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	X
18	Squacco Heron	<i>Ardeola ralloides</i>	X
19	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	X
20	Great Egret	<i>Casmerofius alba</i>	X
21	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	X
22	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	X
23	Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	X
24	Bald Ibis	<i>Geronticus eremita</i>	X
25	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>	X
26	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus ruber</i>	X

27	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>	X
28	Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	X
29	Short-toed Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>	X
30	Booted Eagle	<i>Aquila pennata</i>	X
31	Bonelli's Eagle	<i>Aquila fasciata</i>	X
32	Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	X
33	Western Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	X
34	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>	X
35	Hen Harrier	<i>Circus cyaneus</i>	X
36	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>	X
37	Honey Buzzard	<i>Pernis apivorus</i>	X
38	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>	X
39	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	X
40	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>	X
41	Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subuteo</i>	X
42	Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	X
43	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	X
44	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	X
45	Purple Swamphen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>	X
46	Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	X
47	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	X
48	Stone Curlew	<i>Burhinus oedicnemus</i>	X
49	Collared Pratincole	<i>Glareola pratincola</i>	X
50	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	X
51	Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	X
52	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>	X
53	Grey Plover	<i>Pluvialis squatarola</i>	X
54	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>	X
55	Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	X
56	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>	X
57	Curlew Sandpiper	<i>Calidris ferruginea</i>	X
58	Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>	X
59	Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	X
60	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	X
61	Common Redshank	<i>Tringa totanus</i>	X
62	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	X
63	Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus</i>	X
64	Ruff	<i>Philomachus pugnax</i>	X
65	Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	X
66	Slender-billed Gull	<i>Larus genei</i>	X
67	Mediterranean Gull	<i>Larus melanocephalus</i>	X
68	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>	X
69	Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus</i>	X
70	Audouin's Gull	<i>Larus audouinii</i>	X
71	Little Tern	<i>Sterna albifrons</i>	X
72	Sandwich Tern	<i>Sterna sandvicensis</i>	X
73	Gull-billed Tern	<i>Sterna nilotica</i>	X
74	Black Tern	<i>Chlidonias niger</i>	X
75	White-winged Tern	<i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i>	X
76	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>	X
77	Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	X
78	Common Wood-Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	X
79	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	X
80	European Turtle Dove	<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>	X

81	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	X
82	Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>	X
83	Little Owl	<i>Athene noctua</i>	X
84	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	X
85	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>	X
86	Alpine Swift	<i>Apus melba</i>	X
87	Little Swift	<i>Apus affinus</i>	X
88	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	X
89	European Bee-eater	<i>Merops apiaster</i>	X
90	Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus viridis</i>	X
91	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopus major</i>	X
92	Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>	X
93	Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>	X
94	Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	X
95	Thekla Lark	<i>Galerida theklae</i>	X
96	Wood Lark	<i>Lullula arborea</i>	X
97	Greater Short-toed Lark	<i>Calandrella rachydactyla</i>	X
98	Calandra Lark	<i>Melanocorypha calandra</i>	X
99	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>	X
100	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	X
101	Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cecropis daurica</i>	X
102	House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	X
103	Tawny Pipit	<i>Anthus campestris</i>	X
104	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	X
105	Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava iberiae</i>	X
106	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rbecula</i>	X
107	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>	X
108	Rufous Bush Robin	<i>Cercotrichas galactotes</i>	X
109	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>	X
110	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>	X
111	Black-eared Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe hispanica</i>	X
112	Black Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe leucura</i>	X
113	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>	X
114	Eurasian Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	X
115	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola salitarius</i>	X
116	Common Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola saxatilis</i>	X
117	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>	X
118	Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>	X
119	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>	X
120	West Orphean Warbler	<i>Sylvia hortensis</i>	X
121	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Sylvia melanocephala</i>	X
122	Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>	X
123	Dartford Warbler	<i>Sylvia undata</i>	X
124	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	X
125	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>	X
126	Eurasian Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i>	X
127	Great Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i>	X
128	Melodious Warbler	<i>Hippolais polyglotta</i>	X
129	Western Olivaceous Warbler	<i>Hippolais opaca</i>	X
130	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>	X
131	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>	X
132	Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus ibericus</i>	X
133	Firecrest	<i>Regulus ignicapilla</i>	X
134	Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>	X

135	Pied Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>	X
136	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	X
137	Coal Tit	<i>Parus ater</i>	X
138	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Parus caeruleus</i>	X
139	Crested Tit	<i>Lophophanes cristatus</i>	X
140	Long-tailed Tit	<i>Aegithalos caudatus</i>	X
141	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>	X
142	Short-toed Treecreeper	<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i>	X
143	Iberian Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>	X
144	Woodchat Shrike	<i>Lanius senator</i>	X
145	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus grandarius</i>	X
146	Eurasian Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>	X
147	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>	X
148	Common Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	X
149	Spotless Starling	<i>Sturnus unicolor</i>	X
150	Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolis oriolis</i>	X
151	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	X
152	Tree Sparrow	<i>Passer montanus</i>	X
153	Rock Sparrow	<i>Petronia petronia</i>	X
154	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringella coelebs</i>	X
155	Eurasian Linnet	<i>Carduelis cannabina</i>	X
156	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	X
157	European Greenfinch	<i>Carduelis chloris</i>	X
158	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	X
159	Hawfinch	<i>Coccothraustes coccothraustes</i>	X
160	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>	X
161	Corn Bunting	<i>Miliaria calandra</i>	X
162	Rock Bunting	<i>Emberiza cia</i>	X

BUTTERFLIES

	SPECIES	<i>Scientific Name</i>	
1	Small White	<u>Artogeia rapae</u>	X
2	Bath White	<u>Pontia daplidice</u>	X
3	Moroccan Orange-tip	<u>Anthocharis belia</u>	X
4	Clouded Yellow	<u>Colias crocea</u>	X
5	Brimstone	<u>Gonepteryx rhamni</u>	X
6	Small Copper	<u>Lycaena phlaeas</u>	X
7	Monarch	<u>Danaus plexippus</u>	X
8	Red admiral	<u>Vanessa atalanta</u>	X
9	Meadow brown	<u>Maniola jurtina</u>	X
10	Speckled wood	<u>Pararge aegeria aegeria</u>	X
11	Wall brown	<u>Lasiommata megera</u>	X

DRAGONFLIES/INSECTS			
	SPECIES	<i>Scientific Name</i>	
12	Common Darter	<i>Sympetrum striolata</i>	X

MAMMALS/REPTILES/AMPHIBIANS			
	SPECIES	<i>Scientific Name</i>	
1	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	X
2	Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	X
3	Spanish Ibex	<i>Capra pyrenaica</i>	X
4			
5	Moorish Gecko	<i>Tarentola mauritanica</i>	X
6	Ocellated Lizard	<i>Timon lepidacus</i>	X
7	European Pond Terrapin	<i>Emys orbicularis</i>	X
8	Mediterranean Chameleon	<i>Mauremys leprosa</i>	X
9	European Pond Frog	<i>Pelophylax ridibundus</i>	X